NATIONAL SOUTH AMERICAN CAMELID DECLARATION AND WAYBILL VERSION 2, MAY 2017

CCCTION 1. Consignment Information	CECTION C. Additional information
SECTION 1 – Consignment Information Owner of camelids:	SECTION 6 – Additional information
	6.1 In the past 60 days have any of these camelids consumed stock feed that was still within a Withholding Period (WHP) when harvested or first grazed? Yes □ No □ Don't know □
rading name:	Period (WHP) when harvested or first grazed? Yes □ No □ Don't know □ 6.2 Any other information such as additional documents attached, date of last mating, results of drench
Address of origin of camelids:	resistance testing:
Consignment origin PIC:	resistance testing.
Consigned to (name and address):	
Destination PIC (if known):	
Description of camelids:	SECTION 7 – Declaration (7)
Name (or number in the herd) Species/Breed M/F Age IAR, AAR or tag no. (WA brand)	I (full name):
	Address:
	declare that I am the owner and/or person responsible for the husbandry of the camelids in this consignment
	and all the information in sections 1 to 6 of this document is true and correct. I also declare that, while under
	my control, the camelids were not fed restricted animal material (including meat and bone meal) in breach of
Please attach a list if more information in required. Llamas – record microchip number in last column.	State or Territory legislation.
	Signed: / 20
SECTION 2 – Biosecurity	Fax no. or email: Phone no.:
2.1 Were all the camelids born on the property of origin?	Persons making false statements may be liable under fair trading and other relevant state or territory
	legislation.
2.2 The number of different properties from which camelids have been introduced onto the	Owners are advised to retain appropriate records to support this declaration.
property in the last 5 years not including drive-by and mobile mating ⁽²⁾ : $0 \square 1-5 \square 6+\square$	
	SECTION 8 – Cattle tick ⁽⁸⁾ (This declaration is only required for certain interstate and some Qld intrastate movements)
SECTION 3 – Johne's disease (3)	I(full name of inspector or authorised person)
3.1 Is the herd from which the consignment originates:	
AlpacaMAP Cert no Status Expiry date://	☐ Declare that the stock described above are from a non-restricted property in a cattle tick free area, OR
Q Alpaca Cert no Expiry date:/	☐ Declare that the stock described above comply with the cattle tick entry requirements for OR
Check tested □ Expiry date:/	☐ Where treatment and/ or inspection was required the following inspection and/ or treatment was
None of above	undertaken: Type of inspection:
3.2 Is the property from which this consignment originates infected or suspected to be	Treatment: Method of treatment:
nfected with Johne's disease? Yes □ No □	Signature: Designation:
	Phone no.: Location:
0.1.0	
3.4 Has the consignment ever, since birth, been co-grazing with any of the following animals that are known	SECTION 9 - To be completed by the person in charge of the camelids while they are being moved.
or suspected to be infected with Johne's disease?	(Completion of this part is optional in SA, TAS and VIC)
Beef cattle □ Dairy cattle □ Deer □ Goats □ Sheep □ Don't know □ No □	Movement commenced:/ 20 Time: am pm
SECTION 4 – Lice	Vehicle registration number(s)*
To the best of my knowledge, the camelids in the consignment are free of lice Yes No No	
To the best of my knowledge, the edificility in the consignment are need of fice.	Telephone number of the driver(s)*
SECTION 5 – Treatment information for consigned camelids	I
Treatment Product Date of last treatment	movement and declare all the information in Section 9 is true and correct.
Drench	Signature Date/ 20 Tel. No
Lice Treatment	*When more than one truck is carrying the camelids, other vehicle registration numbers are to be recorded.
Vaccination	
Other	

South American Camelid Declaration and Waybill Explanatory Notes

South American camelids are alpacas, llamas, vicunas, and guanacos.

Section 2 -Biosecurity introductions

<u>Drive-by mating</u> is taking a female to the property on which the male resides, conducting the mating, and leaving immediately afterwards.

Mobile mating is taking the male to the property on which the female resides, conducting the mating, and leaving immediately afterwards.

The visiting camelid MUST NOT reside at the receiving farm.

Introduction of camelids to your property of unknown disease status exposes your herd to potential risk. You should always obtain a written declaration of the health status of introduced animals. The use of quarantine provisions before introduction of other livestock to your herd is recommended.

Section 3 – Johne's disease

<u>AlpacaMAP</u>: The Australian Johne's Disease Market Assurance Program for Alpaca.

Q Alpaca: a voluntary alpaca quality assurance program maintained by the Australian Alpaca Association.

<u>Check tested</u>: A negative pooled faecal culture test of 50 adults in a herd (one-year-of-age and over), or all eligible animals in a herd of less than 50 adult animals, in which there is no suspicion of infection.

Lifetime history known for all animals being consigned: Unless all of the properties, and the animal health status (e.g. BJD) of those properties, where the camelids in this consignment have resided since birth are known, this question should be answered 'No'. Good herd records should be kept for both purchased and homebred animals to justify answering 'Yes'.

Section 7 - Restricted Animal Material (RAM)

RAM includes any tissue, blood or other material taken from an animal and any meals derived from animals. Examples are meat and bone meals, blood meal, fish meal, feather meal etc. It does not include tallow, gelatine or milk products. Contact your State or Territory Department of Agriculture or Primary Industries for more details on these feeding restrictions.

Section 8 - Cattle tick

Parts of Queensland, Northern Territory and Western Australia are declared under the relevant state legislation as Cattle Tick Infected Zones. All other parts of Australia are Cattle Tick Free Zones. Section 8 is mandatory for camelids moving:

- From a Cattle Tick Infected Zone unless to another Cattle Tick Infected Zone
- From a property in the Free Zone with cattle tick infestation
- Between some states (please check with the local animal health officer).

Interstate movements

Owners planning to move camelids interstate should check the destination state's entry requirements well in advance of moving the animals. Testing or further certification may be required.

For further information contact the relevant State or Territory department of agriculture or primary industries.

State entry requirements can also be found via: www.animalhealthaustralia.com.au/what-we-do/endemic-disease/ livestock-movements/

For more information on biosecurity go to www.farmbiosecurity.com.au